# TRAVEL PLAN MONITORING REPORT

**London Gateway Port** 

November 2022

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# 1. Introduction

#### 1.1.Overview

This Travel Plan Monitoring Report presents the results of monitoring of staff travel patterns at the DP World London Gateway Port (the Port) for the 12-month period ending October 2022 (Reporting Period 8). The report considers travel related to the movements of staff directly employed in the operational use of the Port and the overall administration of the Port and associated Logistics Park (the Park) development.

Berths 1, 2 and 3 of the Port were operational throughout the reporting period. As of October 2022, a total of 607 staff were directly employed by the DP World London Gateway (DPWLG) group companies (i.e. Port operations and Port and Park development administrative teams).

The movements of staff associated with the construction of the Port is beyond the scope of the Travel Plan monitoring regime.

#### 1.2. The Development

The Port is located at the former Shellhaven oil refinery site to the northern banks of the Thames Estuary in Stanford-le-Hope, Essex. Once fully developed the Port shall provide six shipping berths providing additional deep-sea shipping and container handling facilities with an annual throughput of 3.5 million TEU (twenty-foot equivalent containers). In total it is anticipated that the Port shall give rise to the creation of approximately 1,900 direct jobs.

The development of the Port, alongside the Park, shall offer significant efficiency savings, resulting from the ability to ship, store and process goods at a site within very close proximity to the significant consumer markets of the London and South East area. This 'port centric' approach, along with significant opportunity for the transportation of goods via rail and transhipment, will result in an estimated annual reduction of 65 million HGV miles off the UK's road network equating to approximately 2000 HGV's per day.

Construction of the Port commenced in 2008 with the first three berths becoming operational in November 2013, May 2014, and April 2017 respectively.

# 1.3. Planning Context

The Port is subject of a Harbour Empowerment Order (HEO), which was made on the 2<sup>nd</sup> May 2008 and came into force on the 16<sup>th</sup> May 2008. It is also subject to an agreement pursuant to Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 securing compliance with the London Gateway Harbour Empowerment Order Travel Plan dated May 2003 (Ref: APP/0/103). Requirements for monitoring of operational staff travel patterns are set out therein.

#### 1.4. Reporting Requirements

The above-mentioned Travel Plan sets out provisions for the formation and operation of a Travel Plan Committee (TPC) comprising the following member parties:

- London Gateway Port Limited (the Harbour Authority)
- London Gateway Park Development Limited
- The Local Highways Authority (Thurrock Council)
- Essex County Council
- National Highways (formerly Highways England / the Highways Agency)

A constitution for the establishment and operation of the TPC was initially agreed during early 2008, since which the TPC has been meeting on a 3 to 6 monthly basis. Revisions to the constitution were agreed during late 2013, as part of the development of a Travel Plan relating to the Park. This established agreement regarding the standardised timing of monitoring information and committee meetings to facilitate a more efficient decision-making process.

The Travel Plans establish obligations for the Port and Park developments to provide funding to the TPC as these developments are rolled out. Such funds are to be utilised by the TPC to promote increased use of sustainable modes of transport for staff and freight movements associated with the Port and Park. Protocols for the holding and allocation of such funds are set out in the revised TPC constitution. This monitoring report, and subsequent reports, shall inform decision making regarding the allocation of such funds. It is the intension that this report informs discussions at the next TPC meeting, which is proposed to be held during January 2023.

## 2. Staff Movements

#### 2.1.Scope

As outlined within Section 1.1, this report considers the travel behaviour of staff associated with the operation of the Port and the administration of both the Port and the Park. The latter includes, members of the Engineering team overseeing construction activities, in addition to members of the Human Capital, Health and Safety, Legal & Compliance, Facilities Management and Port and Park Commercial teams.

At the time of publication of this report 607 staff are directly employed by the DPWLG group companies on site. Approximately 90 of these are based at the No.1 London Gateway building (west of the Park site) with the balance predominantly based at the Port Terminal and Amenities Buildings (to the east of the Port site).

#### 2.2. Data Collection

Information relating to staff travel patterns and choices was gathered using a 'Staff Travel Questionnaire' (STQ) comprising 35 questions. The STQ also provided staff with opportunity to provide additional comments and feedback.

The STQ was launched on 3<sup>rd</sup> October 2022 for a period of 19 days, closing at 5pm on 21<sup>st</sup> October 2022. The questionnaire was accessed via the London Gateway Port Travel Plan website <a href="http://porttravelplan.londongateway.com/">http://porttravelplan.londongateway.com/</a>.

The Port Travel Plan Coordination team (TPCo) advertised the STQ via regular e-mails and posters placed on notice boards and at key locations around the site buildings. The STQ was also advertised via a screen saver that appeared on all PC's utilised by DPWLG staff.

Following the close of the survey period the information received via completed STQ's was analysed to obtain the results presented in Section 2.3 below.

#### 2.3. Results

In total 262 of the 607 directly employed site staff completed and returned a STQ representing a rate of return of 43.2% (2021: 31.8%, 2019: 18.9%). The raw data results are presented as follows. Where relevant, the results from the previous reporting period ('Reporting Period (RP) 7' comprising the period to October 2021) are provided to allow changes in travel patterns to be identified.

#### Commute Distance

The proportions of staff that live within the stated distance ranges from the Port are indicated by Figure 1. Exact figures are provided within table 1.



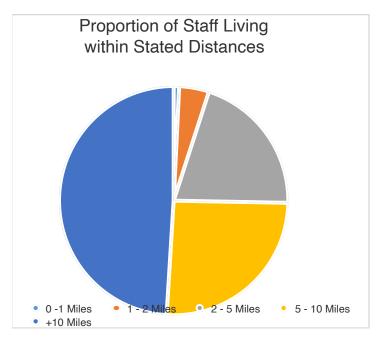


Table 1 – Proportion of Staff Living within Stated distances

	Percentage			
Distance	Reporting Period 8 (RP8)	Reporting Period 7 (RP7)		
0 – 1 miles	1%	0%		
1 – 2 miles	4%	6%		
2 – 5 miles	20%	19%		
5 – 10 miles	26%	26%		
Over 10 miles	49%	49%		

#### Mode of Travel

The overall level of take up of each mode of transport, taking into account proportional use, is indicated by Figure 2 and Table 2.

FIGURE 2 – PROPORTIONATE TAKE UP OF TRANSPORT MODES FOR COMMUTE

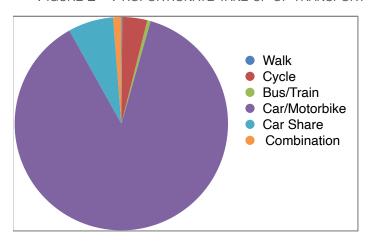


TABLE 2 - PROPORTIONATE TAKE UP OF TRANSPORT MODES FOR COMMUTE

	Percentage			
Mode	RP8	RP7		
Walk	0.15%	0.11%		
Cycle	3.76%	1.48%		
Bus/Train	0.52%	1.14%		
Car Share	6.86%	7.18%		
Combination of Modes	1.25%	0.57%		
Total	12.54%	10.48%		

#### Priority Parking Scheme / Car Share

In total, of the staff that completed the travel survey, 16.6% (RP7: 18.9%) indicated that they engage in car sharing for some journeys to work. This percentage however does not represent the overall level of car sharing, given that many staff only engage in car sharing for some journeys, utilising other modes for the remainder of their journeys. The data presented in Table 2 indicates that car sharing is utilised for 6.86% (RP7: 7.18%) of journeys to work.

91.1% of car sharers that responded to the survey indicated that care share with one other person, whilst the remaining 8.9% have two partners, or 'Budis'. Table 3 outlines the methods by which these partners are identified:

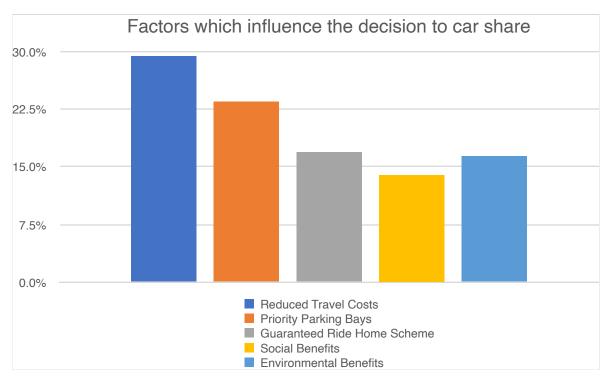
TABLE 3 - METHOD OF IDENTIFYING CAR SHARE 'BUDI'

Method	Percentage	
In the workplace	70.2%	
Relative or know them socially	29.8%	

Records indicate that 41 'Budi' teams are currently formally registered comprising 88 staff. This equates to 14.5% of the overall staff base.

Those respondents who engage in car sharing ranked the factors which influence them as illustrated by Figure 3:

FIGURE 3 - FACTORS WHICH INFLUENCE THE DECISION TO CAR SHARE



Staff were also asked for suggestions as to how car sharing can be improved or further encouraged at DP World London Gateway. Responses included:

- Car share database to connect potential partners
- Ensuring car share budis are scheduled on the same shift patterns
- Financial incentive / benefits / prizes
- Additional Priority Parking bays
- Social Media / WhatsApp group for Car Share members

- Improved enforcement
- Better information for staff
- Increased company buy in

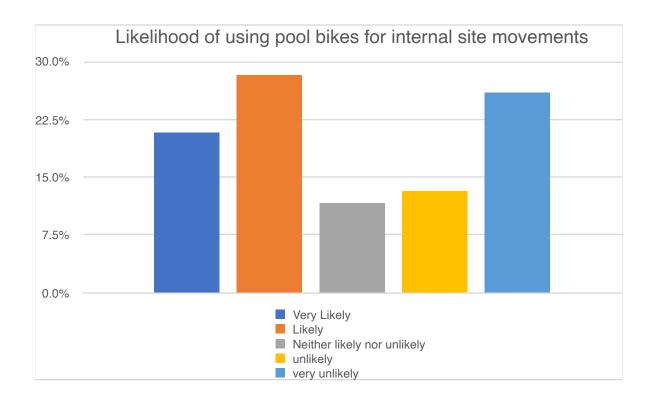
#### Walking / Cycling

Survey results indicate that walking accounts for 0.15% (RP7: 0.11) of journeys to work, and cycling for 3.76% (RP7: 1.48%). Given the relative remoteness of the Port site from residential areas, the low proportion of such journeys is expected and as such the survey did not investigate the reasons for this further. It is possible that the increase, particularly in cycling, may be a result of increased petrol prices in 2022.

The STQ highlighted several factors which might act as an incentive to staff to cycle to work; responses included:

- Improved security for bike storage
- Additional and improved off road cycle lanes on public roads
- Lighting on road to Port car park & regular maintenance
- Open access Gates 2 and 3 for pedestrians and cyclists
- Direct cycle route to Terminal / BCP buildings
- Increased numbers of bike spaces, including chargers for e-Bikes
- Free / subsidised bikes & e-bikes
- Clearly marked cycle routes within Logistics Park
- More direct cycle link to Canvey Island / Southend
- Corporate support for cycling
- · Speed Cameras within DPWLG
- Better (and better located) changing/drying facilities & lockers
- Ability to take standard bikes on C2C trains in rush hour
- Amended shift times for cyclists, to avoid cars all leaving at the same time.

Staff were also asked whether they would be minded to cycle for internal site movements, if a pool of bikes were provided. Responses are outlined in figure 4:



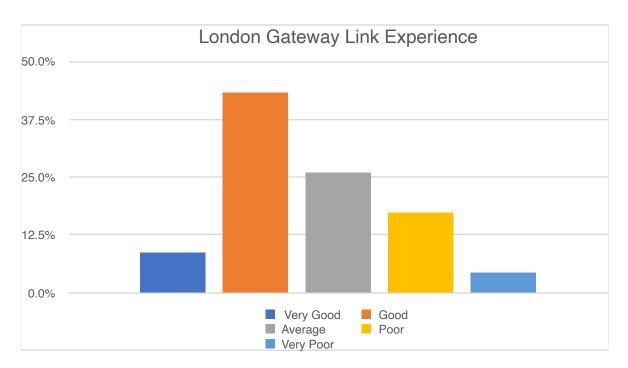
## **Public Transport**

A private bus service connecting London Gateway with Stanford-le-Hope rail station and the local area (known as the London Gateway Link) was implemented in June 2018. Currently patronage is very low and declining, as indicated by Table 2. However, it is possible that this is the result of staff selecting "combination of modes" as opposed to "bus/train" in this year's survey.

91.9% (RP7: 86.8%) of respondents indicated that they were aware of the London Gateway Link, with 61.6% (RP7: 44.8%) confirming that they were aware of how to obtain further information.

Staff who had made use of the London Gateway Link service were asked for their feedback, as depicted in figure 5:

FIGURE 5 – FEEDBACK ON LONDON GATEWAY LINK EXPERIENCE



Staff were also given the opportunity to expand upon their answers. Comments broadly focused on the new timetable, and how it did not fit well with shift patterns, with some comments around lack of punctuality.

When asked how likely they would be to use public transport for their commute, staff responded as outlined in Table 4:

TABLE 4 – LIKELIHOOD OF USING PUBLIC TRANSPORT

Likelihood	Percentage		
Very Likely	1.94%		
Likely	2.71%		
Neither Likely nor Unlikely	8.91%		
Unlikely	19.77%		
Very Unlikely	67.44%		

In addition, when asked which factors might encourage the use of public transport, responses were as outlined in Table 5:

TABLE 5 – FACTORS WHICH MIGHT ENCOURAGE USE OF PUBLIC TRANSPORT

Factor	Percentage		
Ability to take bike on bus / train	9.09%		
A shared use bike facility (Boris bikes)	4.76%		
Cheaper fares	12.55%		

More frequent services	16.88%		
Nothing	70.13%		

Only 14.7% (RP7: 14.9%) of respondents were aware of season ticket discounts offered to DP World London Gateway staff by C2C for rail travel.

To cater for those staff that work weekends, a subsidised shared-user taxi service is being considered. Staff were asked about their likelihood to utilise such a service. Staff responded as shown in Table 6:

TABLE 6 - LIKELIHOOD OF USING A SUBSIDISED SHARED-USER TAXI SERVICE FOR WEEKEND SHIFTS

Likelihood	Percentage		
Very Likely	3.61%		
Likely	4.82%		
Neither Likely nor Unlikely	11.65%		
Unlikely	8.43%		
Very Unlikely	22.89%		
Not applicable to work pattern	48.59%		

#### Travel Plan Coordination

The Port Travel Plan website (<a href="http://porttravelplan.londongateway.com/">http://porttravelplan.londongateway.com/</a>) was launched in August 2016. The survey indicated that 43.75% (RP7: 46.4%) of respondents are aware of the website and how to access it.

Staff were also asked to rate the usefulness of the Port Travel Plan website. 75 Staff provided their feedback, as outlined in Table 7:

TABLE 7 – USEFULNESS OF PORT TRAVEL PLAN WEBSITE

Rating	Percentage		
Excellent	9.3% (RP7: 10.7%)		
Good	61.3% (RP7: 62.5%)		
Average	26.7% (RP7: 21.4%)		

Poor	2.7% (RP7: 5.4%)
	,

When asked, only 38.7% of staff indicated that they were aware of whom to approach for travel planning advice.

# 3. Off-site Transport Works

At the time the survey was undertaken, Stanford-le-Hope rail station was subject to a scheme of improvement works. The responses indicate that 41% of staff were aware of this ongoing scheme, with 22.3% of staff interested in receiving a presentation on the works from the promoters.

# 4. Summary

Survey responses indicate that half of all staff (or at least of those that responded) live more than 10 miles from DP World London Gateway.

The responses of staff who did engage with the survey suggests that the total use of sustainable modes has increased, slightly, in RP8 to 12.54%. Despite this increase, this figure still fails to achieve the travel plan target sustainable mode share (see Section 2 of the Supplementary Travel Plan – October 2005).

Car share continues to be the most popular form of sustainable travel accounting for 6.86% of all journeys (approximately half of those using sustainable methods), however levels of car share have decreased since 2021, and significantly since 2019. The workplace remains the predominant place where employees identify car share 'Budi's' accounting for 70.2% of 'Budi' teams

Aside from car sharing there has been decrease in the proportion of public transport use (0.52% of journeys), though as previously discussed, it is possible that this is the result of staff selecting "combination of modes" as opposed to "bus/train" in this year's survey, as the combined results for all non-car modes is an increase on last year. Responses also demonstrate a slight increase in the number of pedestrian and cycle journeys (0.15% and 3.76% of journeys respectively).

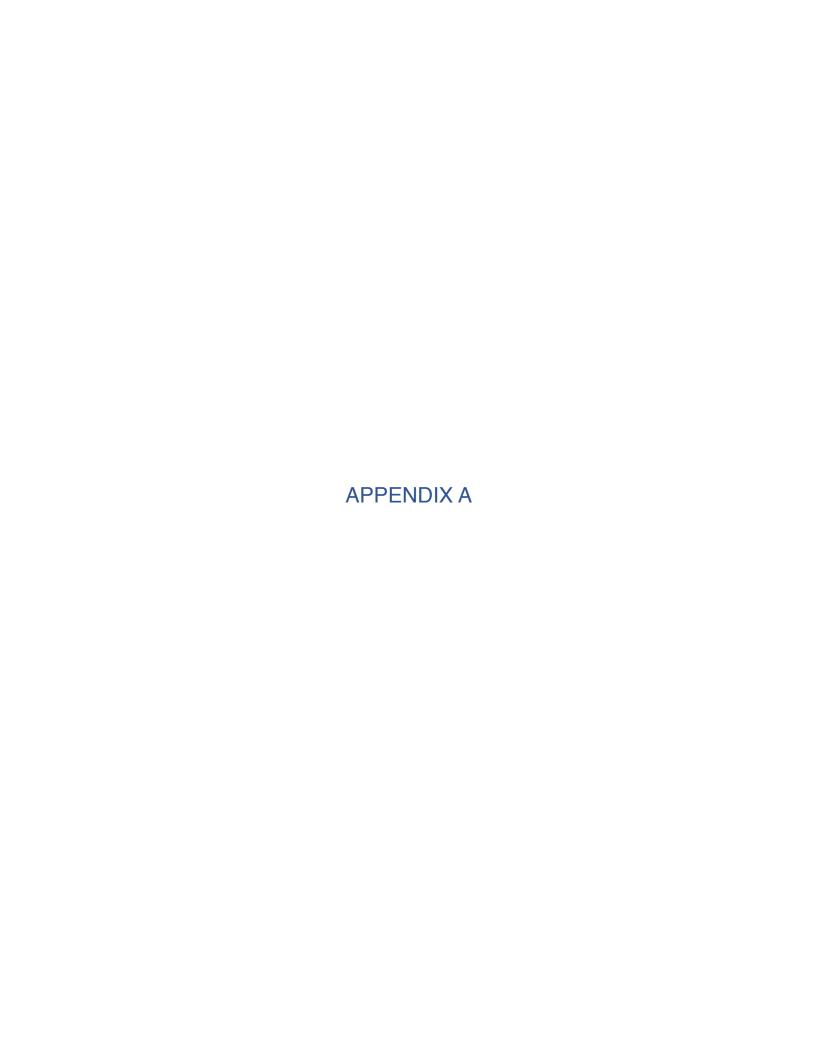
The survey responses also indicate that awareness of the London Gateway Link bus service has increased (91.9%), coupled with a significantly increased awareness of how to obtain further information (61.6%). Unfortunately, the proportion of responders reporting a less-than-average experience of the London Gateway Link has increased significantly to 21.7%, compared to 6% in 2021. Comments largely relate to the updated timetable which appears unsuitable. There has also been a continued decrease in the number of employees who indicate that they are very likely of likely to consider using public transport for their journey to work to 4.65%, suggesting there remains latent demand for services.

Unfortunately, awareness of the C2C ticket discounts offer has reduced to only 14.7%. The inability to extend this discount to the flexi-ticket scheme has been a source of frustration. If this could be achieved, it is believed that it may prove popular with staff who are initially unwilling to commit to a full season ticket but want to try the services for journeys to work.

Awareness of the Travel Plan website (<a href="https://porttravelplan.londongateway.com/">https://porttravelplan.londongateway.com/</a>) has also fallen significantly to 43.75%. Given that the staff survey was undertaken via this website, it is logical to conclude that these responses refer to knowledge *prior* to advertisement of the survey.

Clearly, as outlined in the previous report, the effects of Covid-19 and subsequent lockdowns and social-distancing initiatives resulted in a significant reduction in uptake of public transport and car-sharing. Although the impacts of Covid19 have been less prominent during Reporting Period 8, these established habits continue to impact negatively upon take up of sustainable modes of transport and is reflected in the survey results. It is therefore vital that increased focus is directed towards walking, cycling, car-sharing and public transport in the coming year.

Based on the results of the staff travel survey, recommendations with respect to the various modes of sustainable transport are provided within the Table provided at **Appendix B**.



# Copy of Staff Travel Questionnaire 2022

O 5 - 10 miles

# Section 1: A little bit of information about you

1. Please enter your name or Staff ID Number
* 2. Please state which department you work in
* 3. Please indicate where you are based at DP World London Gateway
No.1 LG
Terminal Building
Amenities Building
Border Control Post Gate
Complex
Other
4. Please indicate your typical daily working hours
6am to 6pm (or vice versa)
Approximately 9am to 5pm Other
5. If you answered "Other " to question 3, please state your typical daily shift times
The first and the state of the
Copy of Staff Travel Questionnaire 2022
Section 2: Your Journey to Work
* 6. Approximately what distance is your journey to/from work?
0 - 1 miles
1 - 2 miles
2 - 5 miles



7. Please complete the following table to indicate how you travel to work						
	Walk	Cycle	Public Transport (Bus/Train)	Car/Motorbike (Single Occupancy)	Car Share	Combination of Modes
Always						
80% of the time						
60% of the time						
40% of the time						
20% of the time						
Never						
Other						
Copy of Staff Travel	Questionnaire 2	2022				
Section 3: Your Trave	el Choices					
* 8. Has your method of travelling to work changed over the previous 2 years?  Yes  No  9. What has your method of travel changed from and to?  From  To  10. What was the reason for the change in your method of travel to work (i.e. impacts related						
to Covid 19)?						
Copy of Staff Travel Questionnaire 2022						
Section 4: Car Sharing						

* 11. Do you car share?
Yes No
○ Sometimes
12. If no, are there any particular issues with car sharing which dissuaded you?
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
13. If you do car share, on average how many people do you share with?
With 1 person
With 2 people
With 3 or more people
will 5 of more people
14. If you car share how did you meet your car share partner(s)
via an online car share database (e.g. Liftshare) Within the
workplace
Other
15. If you answered Other to the above question please specify generally how you met your car share partner (e.g. I
knew them socially prior to joining London Gateway)
Le la companya de la
16. If you engage in car sharing, which of the following factors influenced you to do so (1 = strong influence, 4 = very little influence)
Reduced travel cost
Use of Priority parking bays
Guaranteed ride home scheme
Social benefits (e.g. meeting new people)
Environmental benefits (e.g. reduced carbon footprint or emissions)
17. Do you have any suggestions on how Car Sharing at London Gateway can be improved or further encouraged?

# Section 5: Cycling

* 18. Do you cycle to work
Yes No
Occasionally
19. What, if any measures would positively influence your decision to cycle to work?
A bike hire scheme Free
cycle training Free cycle
servicing
Improved origin to destination off road cycling facilities
None
20. Do you have any suggestions as to how cycling to/from London Gateway can be improved?
* 21. If a 'pool' of bikes, or e-bikes, were provided, would you be likely to utilise these for movements within the
London Gateway site
Very likely
Likely
Neither likely nor unlikely
Unlikely
○ Very unlikely
22. We are looking to create a focus group to consult staff on Cycle Matters. Would you like to take part? Please note,
by selecting "yes" you agree that we will retain your name and work email address in order to consult you.
O Yes
○ No

Section 6: Public Transport

* 23. Are you aware of the London Gateway Bus service (London Gateway Link)
○ Yes
○ No
* 24. Are you aware of where to obtain information regarding the London Gateway Link and other bus and/or train
services
Yes
○ No
25. If you have utilised the London Gateway Link bus service what was your overall impression
○ Very Good
Good
Average Poor
Very Poor
Please provide any additional details which explain your selection.
rease provide any additional details which explain your selection.
*24 II II I
* 26. How likely are you to use bus or train services for your journey to and from London
Gateway
Very likely
Likely
Neither likely nor unlikely
Unlikely
Very unlikely
If you selected "Unlikely" or "Very unlikely", please explain why.
27. What might encourage you to use bus or train services for your journey to/from London
Gateway
the ability to take bike on bus/train
A Shared use Bike facility (e.g. Boris Bikes) at rail station and London Gateway
Cheaper fares
more frequent services
Nothing would encourage me to use bus or train

* 28. Are you aware of the rail season ticket discounts offered to LondonGateway staff
Yes
$\bigcirc$ No
29. If London Gateway were to offer a subsidised shared-user taxi service for weekend shifts, how likely would you be to use it?
○ Very likely
Likely
Neither likely nor unlikely
Unlikely
Very unlikely
Not applicable to my working pattern
Copy of Staff Travel Questionnaire 2022
Section 7: Travel Plan Coordination
* 30. Are you aware of the London Gateway Port Travel Plan website (porttravelplan.londongateway.com)
Yes
O No
31. If you have visited the Port Travel Plan website please rate its usefulness
Excellent
Good
Average
Poor
* 32. Are you aware of who to approach for Travel Planning advice?
Yes
○ No

Section 8: Highway Network

* 33	Are you aware of the proposed improvement works to the Stanford-le-Hope rail station which are ongoing?
$\bigcirc$	Yes
$\bigcirc$	No
	Would you be interested in receiving a presentation on the Stanford-le-Hope railway station improvement as from the promoters?  Yes  No
Сору о	of Staff Travel Questionnaire 2022
Section	9: General Comments
	nere are any further comments you would like to offer regarding travel to/from London yplease insert them below
Gateway	y please insert them below

**APPENDIX B** 

Initiati ve	Year 1	Year 6 Target	Report ing	Conclusions/ Issues	Previous Recomme	Actions Taken /	Recommendati ons /
VO	Targ et	i dii got	Period Actual		ndations	Comments	Comments

Share	pers ons / car (20% )	persons /car (25%)		a common perception with staff that to car share they need to identify partners living in close proximity to them.  Comments received refer to a shortage of priority parking bays, a lack of enforcement of misuse, and difficulties with TOs car sharing due to conflicting shift patterns.	to staff the potential to car share with other employe es who do not live near them but whose location they pass on their journey to work.  Create databas e of intereste d parties to connect staff with colleagu es nearby / en- route.  Renewe d advertisi ng of car share scheme. Suitable enforce ment of Priority Parking bays to commen	sent to all staff advertising the Priority Parking Scheme, and inviting them to submit details to a database to connect staff.  No responses were received regarding the database at the time, however in Q3/Q4 2022 there was a considerable increase in Car Share interest. • Enforce ment protocols, including clampin g repeat offenders Slow start, with lack of	promotion of priority parking scheme Given recent increase in uptake, it would be wise to continue promotion of the scheme.  • Create and advertise database of interested parties to connect staff with suitable colleagues Whilst this action was unsuccessful in 2021, comments suggest demand exists. This, coupled with the increased uptake towards the latter half of 2022, might result in more success this time around.  • Liaison with shift managers to support work-pattern matching for budi teams This was the second most prevalent
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Ref: LGPL/STC/241022 Rev. C

Walkin				Responses	• Provisio	• Discussi	Creation of
g /				have	n of	ons	Cycle forum
Cyclin	5%	7.5%	3.91%	highlighted a	cycle	regardin	to increase
g				number of	related	g	staff input
				concerns	facilities	facilities	Q.22 of the
				relating to the	to be	and	survey afforded
				availability and	discusse	access	respondents
				quality of	d with	were	the opportunity
				facilities (cycle	DPWLG	discusse	to submit their
				parking,	Facilities	d with	details to
				showers,	Manage	relevant	become a
				lockers, drying	ment	parties.	member of the
				facilities)	team	Facilities	cycle forum
				iaciiiles)	• Access	exist in	created as a
				Pospopos	for	both No1	result. Moving
				Responses have indicated		and	forward this will
					cycles via	Amenities	be further
				that permitting access to site	Gates 2		advertised to
						building, with no	
				for cycles via access Gates 2	and/or 3	option to	port staff
					to be	extend	throughout 2023.
				and 3 may have	discusse d with	these	<ul><li>Continued</li></ul>
				a significantly positive effect in	DPWLG		consideratio
				terms of	Senior	provisions at this	n of
						time. For	
				encouraging	Manage		improved
				cycle	ment	security	security
				movements	• Introduct	and safety	options for
				(due to	ion of	reasons,	cycle
				significantly	bike hire	Senior	storage (to
				reduced journey	scheme	Managem	then be
				distances for	/	ent do not	discussed
				some staff)	servicing	wish to utilise	with
				Tla a	to be		Facilities,
				The	discusse	Gates 2/	Security and
				implementation	d with	3 in the	Senior
				of a bike hire	DPWLG	foreseeabl	Management
				scheme and	Senior	<i>e future.</i> • Bikes	) Doggarah inta
				free cycle	Manage	Biitoo	Research into
				servicing have	ment	were	possible
				been	• Renew	serviced	storage
				suggested.	efforts to	, free of	solutions has
				Doononces	impleme	charge,	been
				Responses	nt pool	as part	undertaken,
				suggest that a	bike	of the	with options
				fair proportion	scheme	Sustaina	put to
				(49.2%) of staff		ble	members of
				would be		Transpo	the cycle
				minded to utilise		rt Aarana	forum. Once
				cycling for		Awarene	responses
				internal site		ss days.	have been

ticket discounts on offer and it remains the case that the offer does not extend to Flexitickets  tickets  tickets  that funding by TPC towards throughout the bus 2022, service which extend to Flexitickets  tickets  that funding by TPC throughout the bus 2022, service which have continuing in 2023.  Tecommend to London Gateway Port Limited that funding towards the bus service authoriti operator es) to (SBC) hold which will discussi ons with app-based C2C to system to encoura ge an to its full extension n of the staff unding by TPC throughout delayed in 2022.  This process has been delayed in 2022.  Perommend to London Gateway Port Limited that funding towards the bus service (£60k, pa) is retained for 2023.  As outlined above, 2022 saw would recommend to London Gateway Port Limited the bus service with a pop-based above, 2023.  This process has been delayed in 2022.  This process has been delayed in 2022.  Perommend to London Gateway Port Limited that funding towards the bus service with a pop-based above, 2022 saw less progress than initially expected.  Throughout delayed in 2022.  Perommend to London Gateway Port Limited the bus service with a pop-based above, 2023.  The process has been delayed in 2022.  This process has been delayed in 2023.  The process has been delayed in 2023.					
and bustaning level	Trans	suggest limited interest in public transport use.  Nonetheless, frequency / timing of services and fare rates remains a disincentive to use.  Comments particularly refer to problems with LG Link bus timetable.  There is poor awarenss of the C2C rail season ticket discounts on offer and it remains the case that the offer does not extend to Flexi-	r amendm ents to the London Gateway Link bus to provide a more streamli ned and conveni ent service • Recom mend to London Gateway Port Limited that funding towards the bus service (£60k. pa) is retained for 2022. • TPC parties (particul arly public authoriti es) to hold discussi ons with C2C to encoura ge an extensio n of the staff	were brought on board to introduc e an app- based system for improve d monitori ng / reporting .  Various issues arose which have been considered by TPC throughout 2022, which have hindered app- introductio n. In Q4 2022 Zeelo sub- contracted to a new operator (SBC) which will allow the app-based system to be utilised to its full potential. • Fees were	amendments to the London Gateway Link bus to provide a more streamlined and convenient service Moving to a new operator will allow for optimised use of the Zeelo app-based booking system for monitoring and input from staff. This process has been delayed in 2022 so would recommend continuing in 2023.  • Recommend to London Gateway Port Limited that funding towards the bus service (£60k. pa) is retained for 2023.  As outlined above, 2022 saw less progress than initially expected. Patronage is therefore not
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Ref: LGPL/STC/241022 Rev. C